



FLUXUS G532ST-LT

Non-invasive ultrasonic mass flow rate and volumetric flow rate measurement of saturated steam **Features**

- Non-invasive measurement of saturated steam up to 180 °C without fluid contact no need to open the pipe
- Temperature-compensated mass flow rate calculation via saturated steam curve possible
- Very high measuring dynamics of 0.01...60 m/s no need to reduce pipe diameters
- · Cost-efficient due to start-up during ongoing operation and without pressure/energy loss in the steam network
- · Drift-free and maintenance-free, as no wear and tear
- Compact transducers that are easy to insulate no energy loss at the measuring point
- · Smart meter/IoT ready via Ethernet interface with corresponding IP data protocols (e.g. Modbus TCP)
- · Sophisticated support software for parameterization, remote control, recording and automatic state diagnosis (FluxDiagReader, FluxDiag, Advanced Meter Verification)

Applications

For the following measuring tasks in pharmaceutical, food and manufacturing industries, building technology and hospitals:

- Energy management and energy efficiency
- · Quantity balancing and cost distribution
- Consumption metering
- Process/boiler optimization



FLEXIM GmbH Boxberger Str. 4 12681 Berlin Germany Tel.: +49 (30) 93 66 76 60 Fax: +49 (30) 93 66 76 80

internet: www.flexim.com e-mail: info@flexim.com

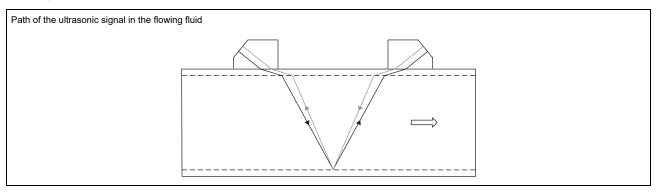
Subject to change without prior notice. Errors excepted. FLUXUS is a registered trademark of FLEXIM GmbH.

Function	
Measurement principle	
Calculation of volumetric flow rate	
Calculation of mass flow rate	
Number of sound paths	
Typical measurement setup	
Transmitter	6
Technical data	
Saturated steam pressure curve	
Dimensions	
2" pipe mounting kit (optional)	
Storage	
Terminal assignment	
Transducers	
Transducer selection	
Technical data	11
Transducer mounting fixture	12
Coupling materials for transducers	12
Damping coat	13
Connection systems	14
Junction box	
Technical data	
Dimensions	
2" pipe mounting kit	
Clamp-on temperature probe (optional)	
Technical data	
Fixation	
Junction box	

Function

Measurement principle

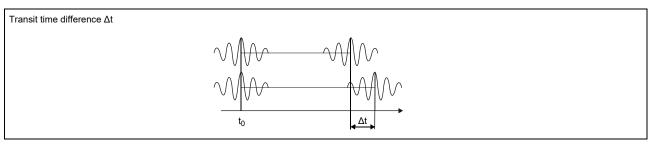
The transducers are mounted on the pipe which is completely filled with the fluid. The ultrasonic signals are emitted alternately by a transducer and received by the other. The physical quantities are determined from the transit times of the ultrasonic signals.



As the fluid where the ultrasound propagates is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signal in flow direction is shorter than the one against the flow direction.

The transit time difference Δt is measured and allows the flowmeter to determine the average flow velocity along the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area averaged flow velocity, which is proportional to the volumetric flow rate.

The integrated microprocessors control the entire measuring cycle. The received ultrasonic signals are checked for measurement usability and evaluated for their reliability. Noise signals are eliminated.



Calculation of volumetric flow rate

$$\dot{V} = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_a \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{2 \cdot t_{\gamma}}$$

where

V - volumetric flow rate

k_{Re} - fluid mechanic calibration factor

A - cross-sectional pipe area

ka - acoustic calibration factor

Δt - transit time difference

 t_{γ} - average of transit times in the fluid

Calculation of mass flow rate

The mass flow rate is calculated from the operating density and the volumetric flow rate:

 $\dot{m} = \rho \cdot \dot{V}$

The operating density of the fluid is calculated as the function of pressure and temperature of the fluid:

 $\rho = f(p, T)$

where

ρ - operating density

p - fluid pressure

T - fluid temperature

m - mass flow rate

V - volumetric flow rate

Temperature-compensated mass flow rate calculation via the saturated steam curve is possible.

Number of sound paths

The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signal through the fluid in the pipe. Depending on the number of sound paths, the following methods of installation exist:

reflection arrangement

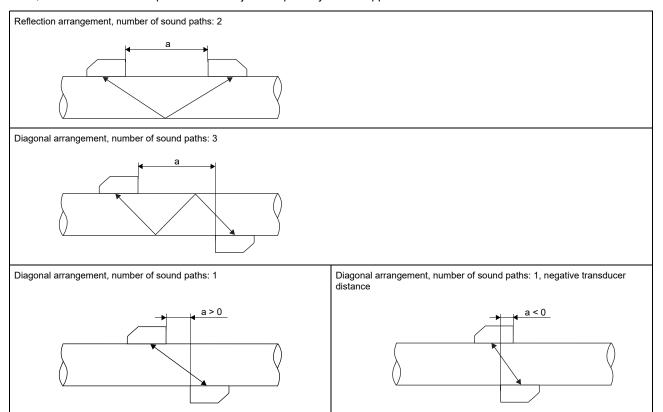
The number of sound paths is even. The transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe. Correct positioning of the transducers is easy.

· diagonal arrangement

The number of sound paths is odd. The transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe. In case of high signal attenuation by the fluid or pipe, diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path is used.

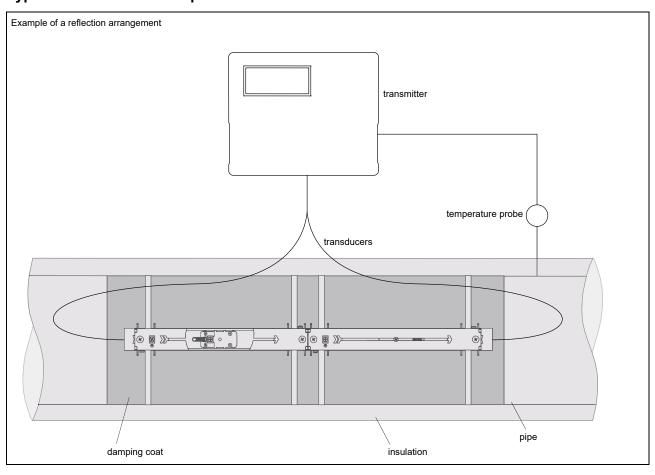
The preferred method of installation depends on the application. While increasing the number of sound paths increases the accuracy of the measurement, signal attenuation increases as well. The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the transmitter.

As the transducers can be mounted with the transducer mounting fixture in reflection arrangement or diagonal arrangement, the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally for the application.



a - transducer distance

Typical measurement setup



Transmitter

Technical data

		FLUXUS G532ST-LT (analog outputs)	FLUXUS G532ST-LT (process interface)		
			LOXOG GOOZOT-ET (process interface)		
		SS2 SELT			
design		field device with 1 measuring channel			
application		steam measurement ²			
measurement					
measurement		transit time difference correlation principle			
principle					
flow velocity		depending on pipe diameter and transducer, see diagrams I0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s			
repeatability fluid		saturated steam, superheated steam			
fluid pressure	bar	310			
ilala pressare	(a)	010			
fluid temperature	°C	135180			
temperature com- pensation		corresponding to the recommendations in ANSI/ASME MFC-5.1	I-2011		
measurement uncer	tainty	y (volumetric flow rate)			
measurement uncertainty of the measuring system ¹		±0.3 % MV ±0.005 m/s			
measurement uncer- tainty at the measu- ring point		±13 % MV ±0.005 m/s, depending on the application			
transmitter					
power supply		• 90250 V/5060 Hz or			
		• 1132 V DC			
ļ' ·	W	< 10			
number of measuring channels		1			
	s	0100 (adjustable)			
0 ,	Hz	1001000			
response time	s	1			
housing material degree of protection		aluminum, powder coated			
	mm	see dimensional drawing			
weight		2.25			
fixation	9	wall mounting, optional: 2" pipe mounting			
ambient temperature	°C	-20+60			
display		128 x 64 pixels, backlight			
menu language		English, German, French, Spanish, Dutch, Russian, Polish, Tur	kish, Italian, Chinese		
measuring functions	5				
physical quantities		operating volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity			
totaliser	<u> </u>	volume, mass			
diagnostic functions	rfo	sound speed, signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviation	n or amplitudes and transit times		
communication inte service interfaces	i iace	•	measured value transmission, parametrisation of the transmit-		
SOLVIOC IIIGIIACES	Ì	ter:	ter:		
		• USB	• USB		
		• LAN	• LAN		
process interfaces			• Modbus RTU or		
			BACnet MS/TP or		
			• M-Bus or		
			Modbus TCP or		
			BACnet IP		
accessories	·	1	<u> </u>		
data transmission kit	l	USB cable			
software		 FluxDiagReader: reading of measured values and parameters 	s, graphical representation		
		FluxDiag (optional): reading of measurement data, graphical representation, report generation, parametrisation of the transmitter			
data logger	<u> </u>				
loggable values	l	all physical quantities and totalised physical quantities			
capacity	İ	max. 800 000 measured values			
1 with aparture calibra					

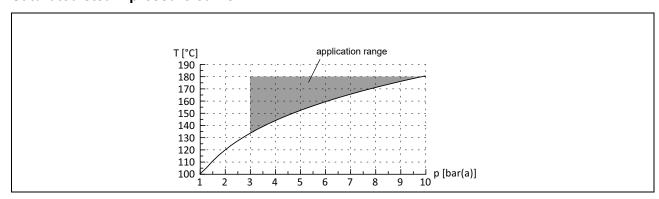
¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

 $^{^{2}\ \}mathrm{test}$ measurement to validate the application required in advance

		FLUXUS G532ST-LT (analog outputs)	FLUXUS G532ST-LT (process interface)
outputs		- LONGO GOOLOT-ET (unulog outputs)	LEXT COLOT-LI (process interface)
outputs	1	The outputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.	
switchable curren	t auto		
• Switchable curren	i outp	configurable according to NAMUR NE43	
		All switchable current outputs are jointly switched to active or passive.	
number		1	-
range		420 (3.224)	-
accuracy		0.04 % MV ±3 μA	-
active output		$R_{\rm ext}$ < 530 Ω	-
passive output		U_{ext} = 930 V, depending on R_{ext} (R_{ext} < 458 Ω at 20 V)	-
 digital output 			
number		2	-
functions		frequency output	-
		binary output	
		pulse output	
operating parame- ters		U _{ext} = (8.2 ±0.1) V DC	-
frequency output	Ì		
• range	kHz	010	-
binary output	Ì		
binary output as alarm output		limit, change of flow direction or error	-
pulse output	İ		
pulse value	units	0.011000	-
pulse width	ms	0.051000	-
inputs			
		The inputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.	
 temperature input 			
number		1	
type		Pt100/Pt1000	
connection		4-wire	
range	°C	-150+560	
resolution	K	0.01	
accuracy		±0.01 % MV ±0.03 K	
•	•		

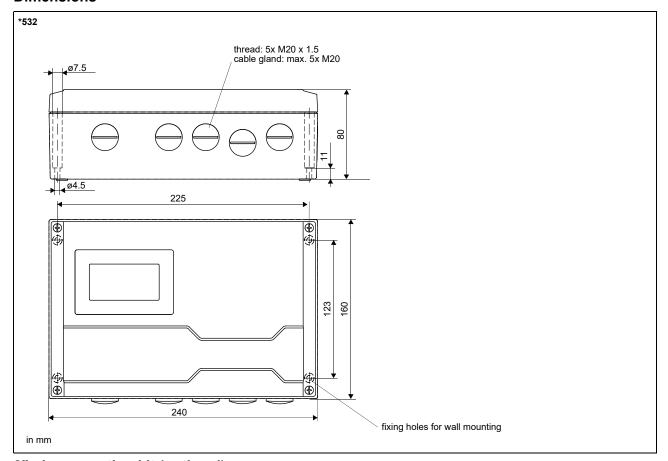
¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

Saturated steam pressure curve

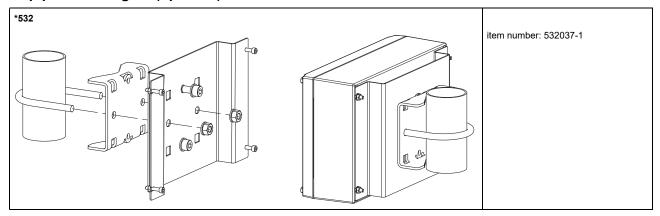


 $[\]overset{\cdot}{\cdot}$ test measurement to validate the application required in advance

Dimensions



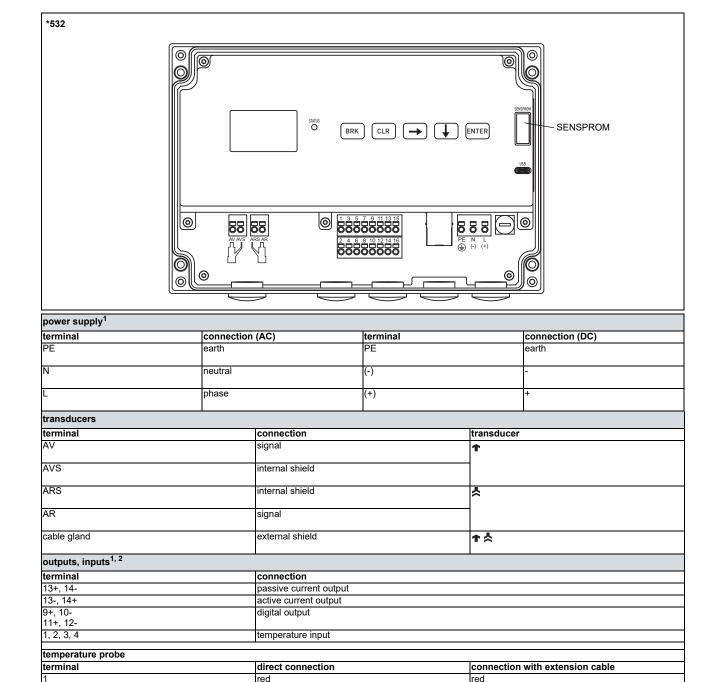
2" pipe mounting kit (optional)



Storage

- do not store outdoors
- store within the original package
- store in a dry and dust-free place
- protect against sunlight
- keep all openings closed
- storing temperature: -20...+60 °C

Terminal assignment



white

grey

communication interface

service (FluxDiag/FluxDiagReader)

Modbus RTU¹
BACnet MS/TP¹

M-Bus¹

LAN	RJ45	 service (FluxDiag/FluxDiagReader)
	10/100 Mbps Ethernet	Modbus TCP
		BACnet IP

Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Device

white

red/blue

white/blue

connection signal +

signal -

communication interfaces

terminal

16

USB

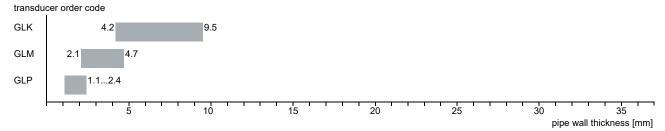
 $^{^{1}}$ cable (by customer): e.g. flexible wires, with insulated wire ferrules, wire cross-section: 0.25...2.5 mm 2 The number, type and terminal assignment are customised.

Transducers

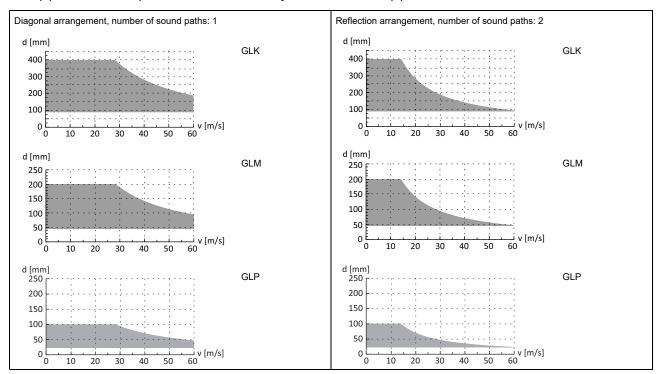
Transducer selection

Step 1

pipe wall thickness



Step 2 inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe



inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a steam application

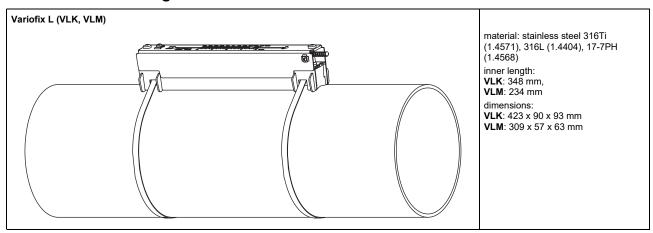
Technical data

Lamb wave transducers

order code		GLK-SNNN-**T1	GLM-SNNN-**T1	GLP-SNNN-**T1				
technical type		G(RT)K1S53	G(RT)M1S53	G(RT)P1S53				
transducer frequency	MHz	0.5	1	2				
fluid pressure		see saturated steam pressure curve						
inner pipe diameter d								
min.	mm	90	45	23				
max.	mm	400	200	100				
pipe wall thickness								
min.	mm	4.2	2.1	1.1				
max.	mm	9.5	4.7	2.4				
material								
housing			ss steel cover 31	6Ti (1.4571)				
contact surface		PPSU						
degree of protection		IP66						
transducer cable								
type		1699						
length	m	5	4					
dimensions								
length I	mm	128.5	74					
width b	mm	51	32					
height h	mm	67.5	40.5					
dimensional drawing								
weight (without cable)	kg	0.8	0.16					
storing temperature								
storing temperature	°C	-40+180						
operating temperatu- re	°C	100180						
warm-up time	h	3	1					
temperature com- pensation		х						

completely thermically insulated transducer installation necessary

Transducer mounting fixture



Coupling materials for transducers

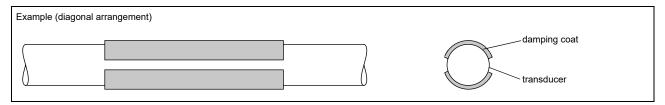
type	ambient temperature	
	°C	
coupling foil type VT1	-10+200	
coupling compound type E ²	-30+200	

¹ fluid temperature 200 °C: min. 2 years

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ in combination with type VT only

Damping coat

The damping coat will be used to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.



Technical data

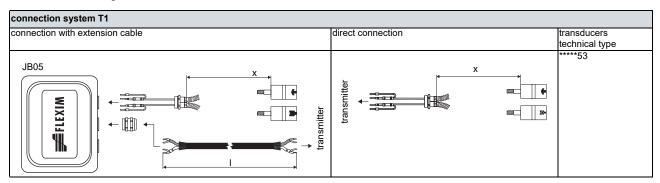
item number		992080-13
material		multipolymeric matrix/inorganic ceramic coating
packing drum	l	1
properties		heat-resistant, inert
fluid temperature when applying	°C	10200
drying time (example)		approx. 3 h at 20 °C approx. 15 min at 150 °C
temperature resis- tance in dry state	°C	max. 650
durability of the packing drum (unopened)		2 years

Observe installation instructions (TI_DampingCoat).

Dimensioning

transducer	number of pa	acking drums	
frequency	outer pipe dia	ter pipe diameter	
	≤300	≤500	
	mm		
K	2	2	
M	2	-	
P	1	-	

Connection systems



Cable

transducer cable					
type		1699			
weight	kg/ m	0.094			
ambient temperature	°C	-55+200			
cable jacket					
material		PTFE			
outer diameter	mm	2.9			
thickness	mm	0.3			
colour	ĺ	brown			
shield	ĺ	x			
sheath					
material		stainless steel 316Ti (1.4571)			
outer diameter	mm	8			

extension cable						
type		2615				
weight	kg/ m	0.18				
ambient temperature	ambient temperature °C -30+70					
cable jacket	cable jacket					
material		PUR				
outer diameter	mm	max. 12				
thickness	mm	2				
colour		black				
shield		x				

Cable length

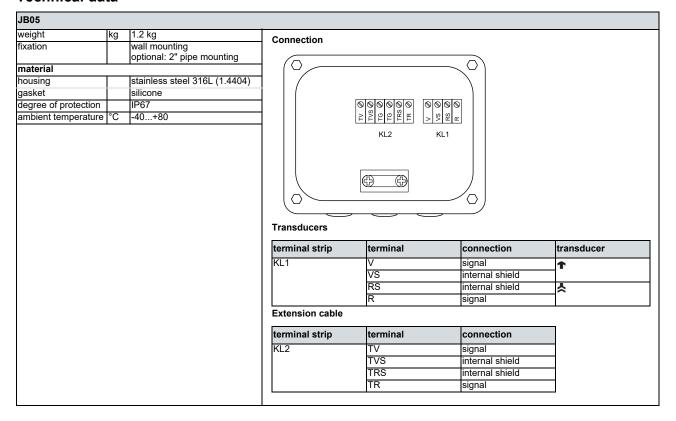
transducer frequency		К		K M, P		
transducers technical type		х	I	х	l	
*R***5*	m	5	≤ 300	4	≤ 300	
*T***5*	m	9	≤ 300	9	≤ 300	

x - transducer cable length

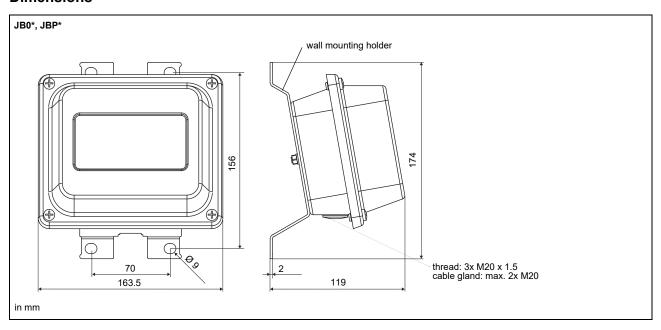
I - max. length of extension cable (depending on the application)

Junction box

Technical data



Dimensions

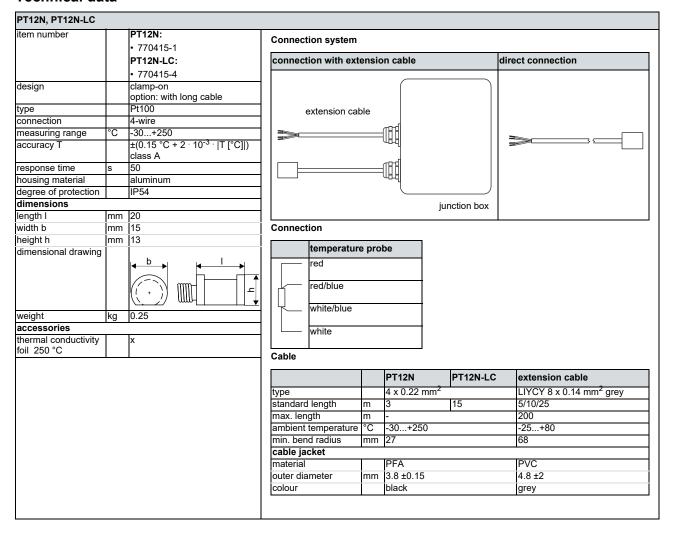


2" pipe mounting kit

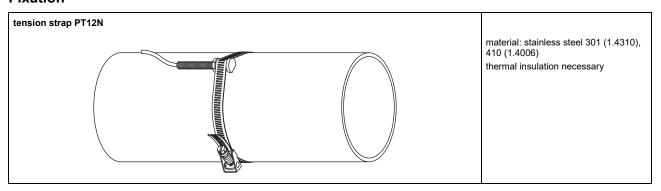


Clamp-on temperature probe (optional)

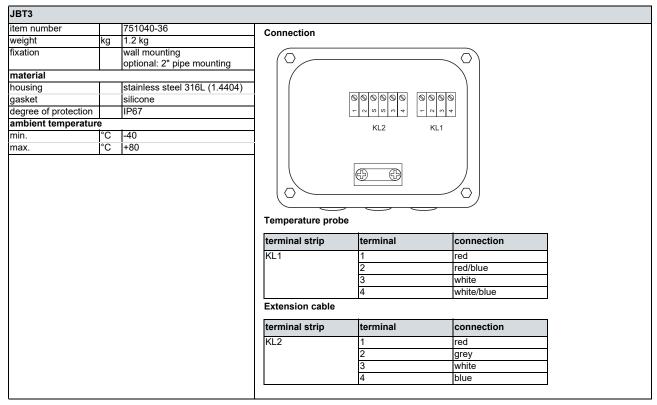
Technical data



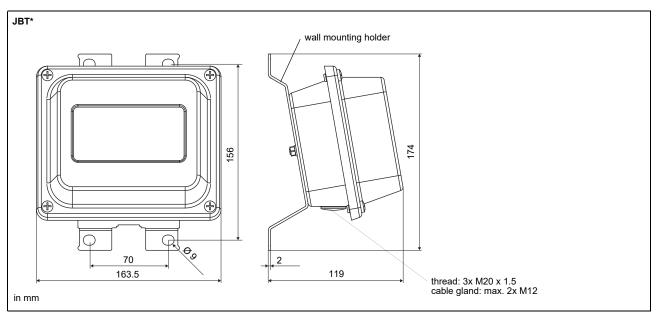
Fixation



Junction box



Dimensions



2" pipe mounting kit

