

Portable ultrasonic flow measurement of gas and liquids in hazardous areas

Portable instrument for non-invasive, quick ultrasonic flow measurement with clamp-on technology for all types of piping

Features

- Precise bidirectional and highly dynamic flow measurement with the non-invasive clamp-on technology
- High precision at fast and slow flow rates, high temperature and zero point stability
- Portable, easy-to-use flow transmitter with 2 flow channels, multiple inputs, an integrated data logger with a serial interface
- Extremely resistant carbon fiber housing
- Covered by FM Class I Div. 2 certification
- Compact and very lightweight, allowing the measuring system to be easily carried as personal luggage, e.g., for offshore visits
- · Water tight; resistant against oil, many liquids and dirt
- Li-lon battery provides up to 25 hours of measurement operation
- Automatic loading of calibration data and transducer detection for a fast and easy set-up (less than 5 min), providing precise and long-term stable results
- · User-friendly design
- Transducers available for a wide range of inner pipe diameters and fluid temperatures
- Rugged transducers (FM Class I Div. 2, resistant to rough environments and humidity)
- Robust, water-tight (NEMA 4) transport case with comprehensive accessories
- QuickFix for fast mounting of the flow transmitter in difficult conditions
- · Including measurement of liquids

Applications

Designed for the following industries:

- Upstream (on- and offshore)
- Midstream and downstream (pipelines and refineries)
- · Chemical industry
- Energy sector (e.g., HVAC, geothermal, power plants)



FLUXUS G608



Measurement with transducers mounted with the portable Variofix VP



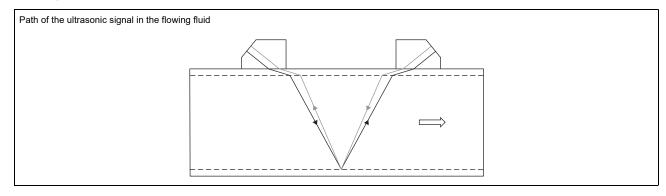
Measurement with the flow transmitter fixed to the pipe with the QuickFix pipe mounting fixture

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Function

Measurement principle

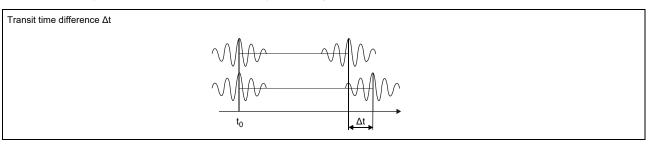
The transducers are mounted on the pipe which is completely filled with the fluid. The ultrasonic signals are emitted alternately by a transducer and received by the other. The physical quantities are determined from the transit times of the ultrasonic signals.



As the fluid where the ultrasound propagates is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signal in flow direction is shorter than the one against the flow direction.

The transit time difference Δt is measured and allows the flowmeter to determine the average flow velocity along the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area averaged flow velocity, which is proportional to the volumetric flow rate.

The integrated microprocessors control the entire measuring cycle. The received ultrasonic signals are checked for measurement usability and evaluated for their reliability. Noise signals are eliminated.



Calculation of volumetric flow rate

$$\dot{V} = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_a \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{2 \cdot t_{\gamma}}$$

where

V - volumetric flow rate

 $k_{\mbox{\scriptsize Re}}$ - fluid mechanics calibration factor

A - cross-sectional pipe area

ka - acoustical calibration factor

Δt - transit time difference

t_v - average of transit times in the fluid

Number of sound paths

The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signal through the fluid in the pipe. Depending on the number of sound paths, the following methods of installation exist:

reflect arrangement

The number of sound paths is even. The transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe. Correct positioning of the transducers is easier.

· diagonal arrangement

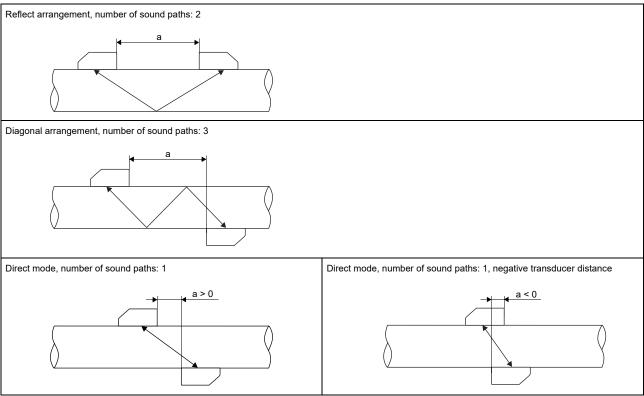
The number of sound paths is odd. The transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe.

direct mode

Diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path. This should be used in the case of a high signal attenuation by the fluid, pipe or coatings.

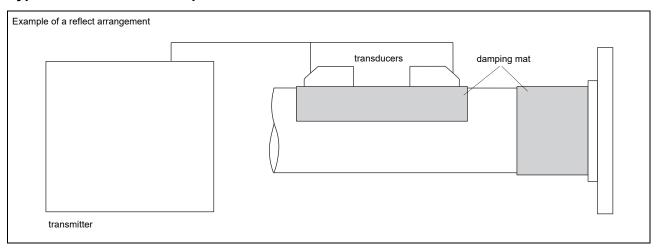
The preferred method of installation depends on the application. While increasing the number of sound paths increases the accuracy of the measurement, signal attenuation increases as well. The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the transmitter.

As the transducers can be mounted with the transducer mounting fixture in reflect arrangement or diagonal arrangement, the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally for the application.



a - transducer distance

Typical measurement setup



Standard volumetric flow rate

The standard volumetric flow rate can be selected as physical quantity to be measured. It will be calculated internally by:

$$\dot{V}_N = \dot{V} \cdot \frac{p}{p_N} \cdot \frac{T_N}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{K}$$

where

 \dot{V}_N - standard volumetric flow rate

V - operating volumetric flow rate

p_N - standard pressure (absolute value)

p - operating pressure (absolute value)

T_N - standard temperature in K

T - operating temperature in K

K compressibility coefficient of the gas: ratio of the compressibility factors of the gas at operating conditions and at standard conditions Z/Z_N

The operational pressure p and the operational temperature T of the fluid will be entered directly as fixed values into the transmitter. If temperature inputs are installed (optional), the temperature can be measured by the customer and fed in the transmitter.

The gas compressibility coefficient K of the gas is entered in the transmitter:

- · as fixed value or
- as approximation according to e.g., AGA8 or GERG

Transmitter

Technical data

		FLUXUS G608**-F2
		R. R. B.
design		portable, FM Class I Div. 2
measurement		<u>r</u> · · ·
measurement		transit time difference correlation principle
principle flow velocity	ft/s	0.03 to 115 ft/s, depending on pipe diameter
repeatability	103	0.15 % of reading ±0.02 ft/s
fluid	i	all acoustically conductive gases,
		e.g., nitrogen, air, oxygen, hydrogen, argon, helium, ethylene, propane
temperature com-		corresponding to the recommendations in ANSI/ASME MFC-5.1-2011
pensation	taint	y (volumetric flow rate)
measurement uncer-	laiiil	(volumetric now rate)
tainty of measuring system ¹		includes calibration certificate traceable to NIST calibration facility ISO 17025 accredited
measurement uncer- tainty at the measu- ring point		±1 to 3 % of reading ±0.02 ft/s, contact FLEXIM for an application specific uncertainty evaluation
transmitter		
power supply		 100 to 230 V/50 to 60 Hz (power supply unit, outside of explosive atmosphere) 10.5 to 15 V DC (socket at transmitter) integrated battery
integrated battery operating time	h	Li-lon, 7.2 V/6.2 Ah > > 14 h (without inputs and backlight) > > 25 h (1 measuring channel, ambient temperature > 50 °F, without inputs and backlight)
power consumption	W	< 6 (with inputs and backlight), charging: 18
number of measuring channels		2
damping	s	0 to 100 (adjustable)
measuring cycle response time	Hz s	100 to 1000 (1 channel) 1 (1 channel), option: 0.07
housing material	3	PA, TPS, PC, Polyester, stainless steel
degree of protection		NEMA 4
dimensions	in	see dimensional drawing
weight	lb	4.9
fixation		QuickFix pipe mounting fixture
ambient temperature	"F	14 to 140 2 x 16 characters, dot matrix, backlight
display menu language		English, German, French, Dutch, Spanish
explosion protectio	n n	English Contract Contract Spanish
• FM		
marking		NI/CI. I /Div. 2/ GP. A,B,C,D / T5 Ta = 60 °C
measuring function	s	
physical quantities	<u> </u>	operating volumetric flow rate, standard volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity
totalizer calculation functions		volume, mass average, difference, sum
diagnostic functions		sound speed, signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviation of amplitudes and transit times
communication inte	rface	
service interfaces		RS232 USB (with adapter)
accessories		
serial data kit		Decade .
cable adapter		RS232 RS232 - USB
software		FluxDiagReader: download of measured values and parameters, graphical presentation
		 FluxDiag (optional): download of measurement data, graphical presentation, report generation FluxSubstanceLoader: upload of fluid data sets
adapter	Ĺ	• input adapter (if number of inputs > 2)
transport case		dimensions: 19.7 x 15.7 x 7.5 in
data logger	1	Tall physical quantities, totalized values and diagnostic values
loggable values capacity		all physical quantities, totalized values and diagnostic values > 100 000 measured values
Japaony	<u> </u>	100 000 medicined fundo

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

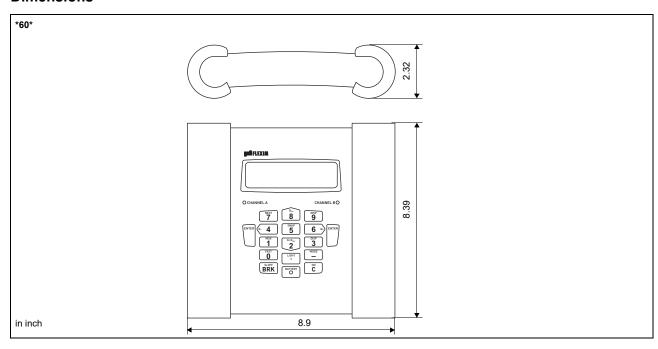
For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F608xx-F2V*-*.

		FLUXUS G608**-F2							
inputs									
		The inputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.							
number		max. 4							
 temperature in 	nput								
type		Pt100/Pt1000							
connection		4-wire							
range	°F	-238 to +1040							
resolution	K	0.01							
accuracy	ĺ	±0.01 % of reading ±0.03 K							

¹ with aperture calibration of the transducers

For the technical data in the flow measurement of liquids mode see Technical specification TSFLUXUS_F608xx-F2V*-*.

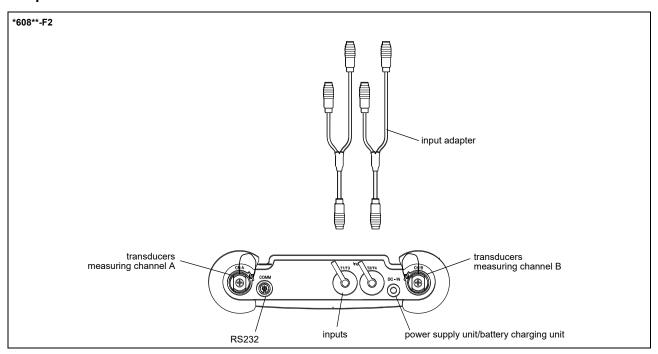
Dimensions



Standard scope of supply

	G608 Standard	G608 CA-Energy
		•
application	flow measurement of gas	flow measurement of compressed air,
		industrial gases and liquids
	2 independent measuring channels	
	calculation of standard volumetric flow	calculation of standard volumetric flow
	rate	rate, with optional use of current measured temperature values
		liquids: integrated thermal energy
		computer for monitoring of energy flows
inputs	L	1
temperature input	-	4
accessories		
transport case	x	х
power supply unit, mains cable	x	x
battery	x	x
input adapter	-	2
QuickFix pipe mounting fixture for	x	х
transmitter		
serial data kit	x	x
measuring tape	x	x
wall thickness probe	-	x
user manual,	x	x
safety instructions,		
Quick start guide		
connector board at the upper side of the transmitter		

Adapters

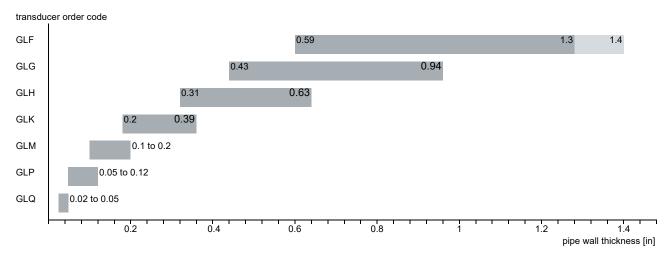


Transducers

Transducer selection

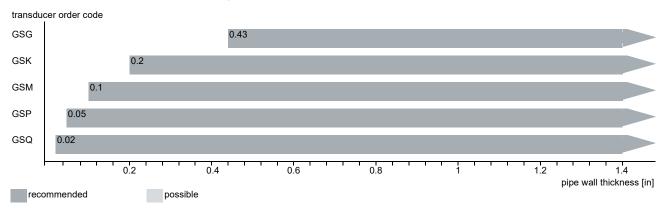
Step 1a

Select a Lamb wave transducer:



Step 1b

If the pipe wall thickness is not in the range of the Lamb wave transducers, select a shear wave transducer:



Step 2

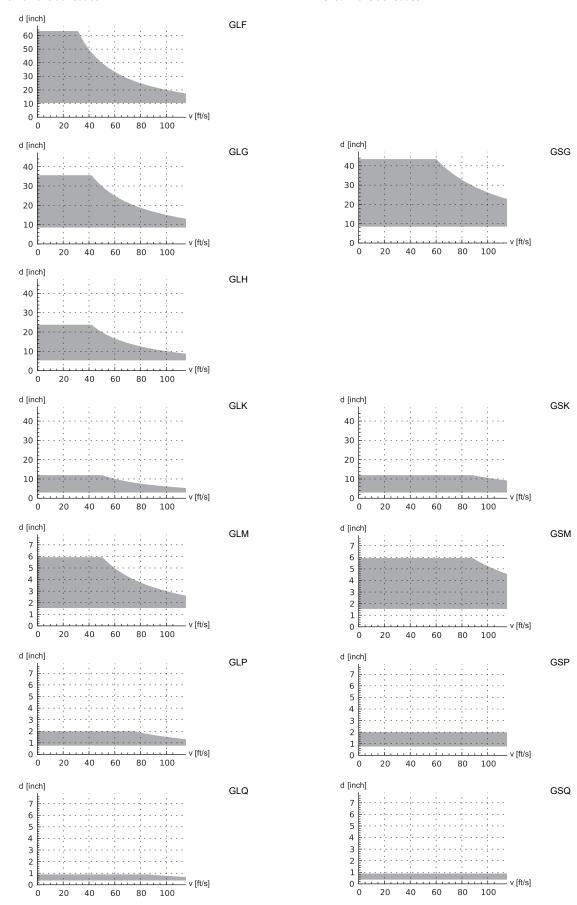
inner pipe diameter d dependent on the flow velocity v of the fluid in the pipe

The transducers are selected from the characteristics (see next page). Lamb wave transducers are selected from the left column, shear wave transducers from the right column.

Lamb wave transducers: If the values d and v are not in the range, the diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path may be used, i.e. the same characteristics can be used with doubling the inner pipe diameter. If the values are still not in the range, shear waves transducers regarding the pipe wall thickness have to be selected in step 1b.

Lamb wave transducer¹

shear wave transducer1



¹ inner pipe diameter and max. flow velocity for a typical application with natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen in reflect arrangement with 2 sound paths (Lamb wave transducers)/1 sound path (shear wave transducers)

Step 3

min. fluid pressure

	fluid pressure ¹ [ps	i]	
der code	metal pipe		plastic pipe
	min.	min. extended	min.
GLF	218	145	15
GLG	218	145	15
GLH	218	145	15
GLK	218 (d > 4.7 in) 145 (d < 4.7 in)	145 (d > 4.7 in) 44 (d < 4.7 in)	15
GLM	145 (d > 2.4 in) 73 (d < 2.4 in)	44 (d < 2.4 in)	15
GLP	145 (d > 1.4 in) 73 (d < 1.4 in)	44 (d < 1.4 in)	15
GLQ	145 (d > 0.59 in) 73 (d < 0.59 in)	44 (d < 0.59 in)	15

shear wave transducer						
	or- fluid pressur	e ¹ [psi]				
der code	metal pipe		plastic pipe			
	min.	min. extended	min.			
GSG	435	290	15			
GSK	435	290	15			
GSM	435	290	15			
GSP	435	290	15			
GSQ	435	290	15			

¹ depending on application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

Example

step					
1	pipe wall thickness	in	0.56	0.34	1.5
	selected transducer		GLG or GLH	GLH or GLK	GS
2	inner pipe diameter	in	22.9	3.8	5.6
	max. flow velocity	ft/s	49	98	98
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK
3	min. fluid pressure	psi	290	218	580
	selected transducer		GLG	GLK	GSK

Step 4

for the characters 4 to 11 of the transducer order code (ambient temperature, explosion protection, connection system, extension cable) see page 12

Step 5

for the technical data of the selected transducer see page 13 et seqq.

d = inner pipe diameter

Transducer order code

1, 2	3	4	5, 6	7, 8	9 to 11			no. of character
ර <mark>ු transducer</mark>	transducer frequency	ambient temperature	explosion protection	connection system	extension cable	,	option	description
								set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, shear wave
GL	_							set of ultrasonic flow transducers for gas measurement, Lamb wave
	F							0.15 MHz
	G							0.2 MHz
	Н							0.3 MHz
	K							0.5 MHz
	M							1 MHz
	Р							2 MHz
	Q							4 MHz
		N						normal temperature range
		E						extended temperature range
			F2					FM Class I Div. 2
				NL				with Lemo connector
					XXX			0 m: without extension cable
								> 0 m: with extension cable
							LC	long transducer cable

Technical data

Shear wave transducers (FM Class I Div. 2, NL)

order code		GSG-NF2NL/**	GSK-NF2NL/**	GSM-NF2NL/**	GSP-NF2NL/**	GSQ-NF2NL/**					
technical type		G(DL)G1N51	G(DL)K1N51	G(DL)M1N51	G(DL)P1N51	G(DL)Q1N51					
transducer frequency	MUZ		0.5	1	2	4					
fluid pressure ¹	IVIIIZ	0.2	0.5	ı	2	4					
min. extended	noi	metal pipe: 290									
lmin.	psi		lastic nine: 1F								
	psi a2	metal pipe: 435, p	nastic pipe. 15								
inner pipe diameter		17.4	lo 4	14.0	10.50	10.00					
min. extended	in	7.1	2.4	1.2	0.59	0.28					
min. recommended	in	8.7	3.1	1.6	0.79	0.39					
max. recommended	in	35.4	11.8	5.9	2	0.87					
max. extended	in	43.3	14.2	7.1	2.4	1.2					
pipe wall thickness		10.40	Io o	10.4	10.05	10.00					
min.	in	0.43	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02					
material		Incerc w		1	.,						
housing		PEEK with stainle	ss steel cap 304	stainless steel 30	04						
contact surface		PEEK		PEEK							
degree of protection		NEMA 6		NEMA 6							
transducer cable											
type		1699									
length	ft	16		13		9					
length (***-****/LC)	ft	29									
dimensions											
length I	in	5.1	4.98	2.36		1.67					
width b	in	2.01	2.01	1.18	0.71						
height h	in	2.64	2.66	1.32	0.85						
dimensional drawing					<u> </u>						
weight (without cable)	lb	1	0.79	0.08		0.02					
pipe surface temper	ature			•							
min.	°F	-40									
max.	°F	+266									
ambient temperature	е										
min.	°F	-40									
max.	°F	+266									
temperature com-		х									
pensation		<u> </u>									
explosion protection	1										
• FM											
pipe surface tempera	ture (Ex)									
• min.	°F	J-40									
• max.	°F	+257									
degree of protection	ĺ	IP66									
marking		GP A,B	NI/CI. I,II,III/Div. 2 /								

¹ depending on application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² shear wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflect arrangement and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s

Shear wave transducers (FM Class I Div. 2, NL, extended temperature range)

order code		GSM-EF2NL/**	GSP-EF2NL/**	GSQ-EF2NL/**
technical type		G(DL)M1E51	G(DL)P1E51	G(DL)Q1E51
transducer frequency	MHz		2	4
fluid pressure		1		
min, extended	psi	metal pipe: 290		
min.	psi	metal pipe: 435, p	plastic pipe: 15	
inner pipe diameter				
min, extended	in	1.2	0.59	0.28
min. recommended	in	1.6	0.79	0.39
max. recommended	in	5.9	2	0.87
max. extended	in	7.1	2.4	1.2
pipe wall thickness	l		L . 1	1.2
min.	in	0.1	0.05	0.02
material	l	0.1	0.00	0.02
housing	1	stainless steel 30	1	
contact surface		Sintimid	•	
degree of protection		NEMA 4		
transducer cable	<u> </u>	I A FINITY 4		
type	1	1699		
length	ft	113		9
length (***-****/LC)	ft	29		9
dimensions	lı .	29		
	li	lo oc		14.67
length I	in	2.36		1.67
width b	in	1.18		0.71
height h dimensional drawing	in	1.32		0.85
3				
weight (without cable)	lb	0.09		0.02
pipe surface temper	ature			•
min.	°F	-22		
max.	°F	+392		
ambient temperatur	e	•		
min.	°F	-22		
max.	°F	+392		
temperature com-		х		
pensation				
explosion protection	n			
• FM				
pipe surface tempera	ture (Ex)		
• min.	°F	-40		
• max.	°F	+374		
degree of protection	1	IP66		
marking		NI/CI. I,	II,III/Div. 2 / ,C,D,E,F,G/ Codes dwg 3860	

¹ depending on application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² shear wave transducer:
typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflect arrangement and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s

Lamb wave transducers (FM Class I Div. 2, NL)

order code		GLF-NF2NL/**	GLG-NF2NL/**	GLH-NF2NL/**	GLK-NF2NL/**	GLM-NF2NL/**	GLP-NF2NL/**	GLQ-NF2NL/**	
technical type		G(RT)F1N51	G(RT)G1N51	G(RT)H1N51	G(RT)K1N51	G(RT)M1N51	G(RT)P1N51	G(RT)Q1N51	
transducer frequency	MHz	, ,	0.2	0.3	0.5	1 '	2	4	
fluid pressure	1	1	1	1	I	l.	1		
min. extended	psi	metal pipe: 145			metal pipe: 145 (d > 4.7 in) 44 (d < 4.7 in)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 2.4 in)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 1.4 in)	metal pipe: 44 (d < 0.59 in)	
min.	psi	metal pipe: 218 plastic pipe: 15			metal pipe: 218 (d > 4.7 in) 145 (d < 4.7 in) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 2.4 in) 73 (d < 2.4 in) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 1.4 in) 73 (d < 1.4 in) plastic pipe: 15	metal pipe: 145 (d > 0.59 in) 73 (d < 0.59 in) plastic pipe: 15	
inner pipe diameter	d ²	1				In the second second	Ileann Library		
min. extended	in	8.7	7.1	4.3	2.4	1.2	0.59	0.28	
min. recommended	in	10.6	8.7	5.5	3.1	1.6	0.79	0.39	
max. recommended	in	47.2	35.4	23.6	11.8	5.9	2	0.87	
max. extended	in	63	55.1	39.4	14.2	7.1	2.4	1.2	
pipe wall thickness	ļ	00	00.1	00.1	11.2	1,	12.1	11.2	
min.	in	0.59	0.43	0.31	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02	
max.	in	1.3	0.94	0.63	0.39	0.2	0.12	0.05	
max. extended	1111	1.4	U.J . -	-		U.Z	U. 12	J_	
max. extended material	<u> </u>	[1: 4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Γ	_Г	Ι	<u> </u>	
	1	PPSU with	PPSU with stainle	oss stool can 204					
housing		stainless steel cap 316Ti	PPSO with staining	ess steel cap 304					
contact surface	İ	PPSU	•						
degree of protection		NEMA 4	NEMA 6			NEMA 4			
transducer cable	1	l	l						
type		1699							
length	ft	16				13		9	
length (***-****/LC)	ft	29						-	
dimensions									
length I	in	6.42	5.06			2.91		1.65	
width b	in	2.13	2.01			1.26		0.87	
height h	in	3.59	2.66			1.59		1	
dimensional drawing	ļ	1	1			1.00			
S				م أ					
weight (without cable)	lb	2.1	1			0.17		0.04	
pipe surface temper									
min.	°F	-40							
max.	°F	+266							
ambient temperatur		T							
min.	°F	-40							
max.	°F	+266							
temperature com- pensation		х							
explosion protectio	n								
• FM		_ `							
pipe surface tempera	. `	. '							
• min.	°F	-40							
• max.	°F	+329							
degree of protection		IP66							
marking		GP A,B	II,III/Div. 2 / ,C,D,E,F,G/ Codes dwg 3860						
	•		-						

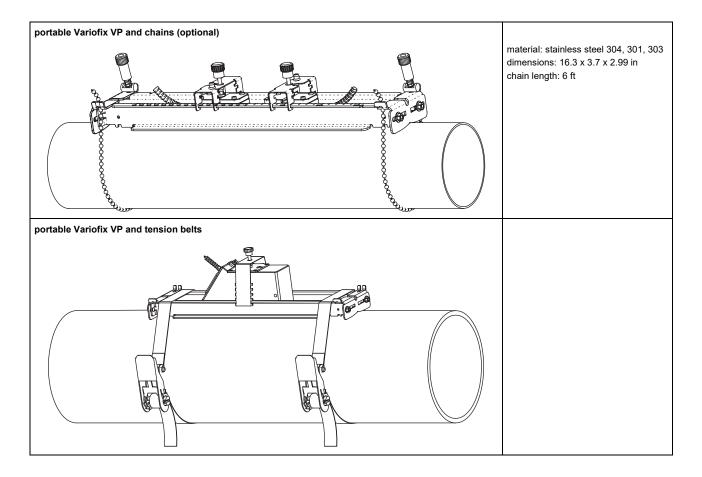
depending on application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

² Lamb wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended: in reflect arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 49 ft/s (98 ft/s) inner pipe diameter max. extended: in reflect arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 39 ft/s (82 ft/s)

Transducer mounting fixture

Order code

1, 2	3		4	5		6	7 to 9	no. of character
transducer mounting fixture	transducer	-	measurement arrangement	size	-	fixation	outer pipe diameter	description
VP								portable Variofix
	A							all transducers
			D					reflect arrangement or diagonal arrangement/direct mode
			R					reflect arrangement
				М				medium
						С		chains
						G		tension belts
						N		without fixation
							055	0.39 to 21.7 in



Coupling materials for transducers

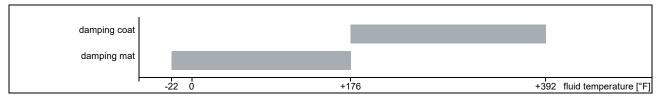
normal temperature r (4th character of tran	ange sducer order code = N)	extended temperature range (4th character of transducer order code = E)					
< 212 °F	< 338 °F	< 302 °F	< 392 °F				
coupling compound	coupling compound	coupling compound	coupling compound				
type N	type E	type E	type E or H				

Technical data

type	ambient temperature
	°F
coupling compound type N	-22 to +266
coupling compound type E	-22 to +392
coupling compound type H	-22 to +482

Damping material (optional)

Damping material will be used for the gas measurement to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.

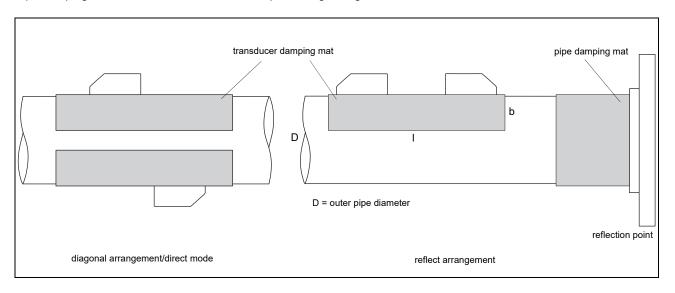


Damping mats

Damping mats will be used for the gas measurement to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.

Transducer damping mats will be installed below the transducers.

Pipe damping mats will be installed at reflection points, e.g., flange, weld.



Selection of damping mats

type			dimensions I x b x h		nsc	luc	er f	requ	ien		technical type	ambient temperature	remark
		in	in	F	G	Н	K	М	Р	Q		°F	
transd	lucer damping mat												
D	for temporary installation (multip-		17.72 x 4.53 x 0.02	-	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х	D20S3	-13 to +140	
	le use), fixed with coupling com-	≥ 3.1	35.43 x 9.06 x 0.02	-	-	-	Х	Х	-	-	D20S2		
	pound		35.43 x 9.06 x 0.05	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	D50S2		
pipe d	amping mat												
A	for temporary installation (multip- le use), fixed with coupling com- pound		11.81 x 4.53 x 0.02	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	A20S4		for quantity see ta- ble below
В	self-adhesive	≥ 11.8	l x 3.94 x 0.04	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	B35R2	-31 to +122	I - see table below

Quantity for pipe damping mat - type A

(depending on the outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency					
in	F, G, H	K, M, P, Q				
3.9	12	6				
7.9	24	12				
11.8	32	16				

Length of pipe damping mat - type B

(length I depending on transducer frequency and outer pipe diameter)

outer pipe diameter D	transducer frequency					
	F, G, H	K, M, P				
in	ft	ft				
11.8	39	19				
19.7	104	52				
39.4	413	206				

Damping coat

For high temperatures it is recommended to apply the damping coat onto the pipe.

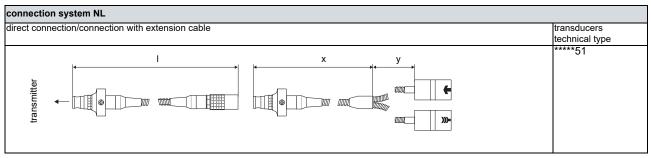
Technical data

material		multipolymeric matrix/inorganic ceramic coating
packing drum	gal	1
properties		heat resistant, inert

Dimensioning

transducer	number of packing drums								
	outer pipe diameter								
	≤15.7	≤23.6	≤31.5						
	in		<u> </u>						
F	1	2	2						
G	1	1	2						
H	1	1	1						
K	1	-	-						
M	1	-	-						
P	1	-	-						
Q	1	-	-						

Connection systems



Cable

transducer cable							
type		1699					
weight	lb/ft	0.06					
ambient temperature	°F	-67 to +392					
cable jacket							
material		PTFE					
outer diameter	in	0.11					
thickness	in	0.01					
color	ĺ	brown					
shield	ĺ	x					
sheath	•	•					
material		stainless steel 304					
outer diameter	in	0.31					

extension cable		
type		1750
standard length	ft	16 32
weight	lb/ft	0.08
ambient temperature	°F	< 144
cable jacket		
material		PE
outer diameter	in	0.24
thickness	in	0.02
color	ĺ	black
shield	ĺ	x
sheath		
material		stainless steel 304
outer diameter	in	0.35

Cable length

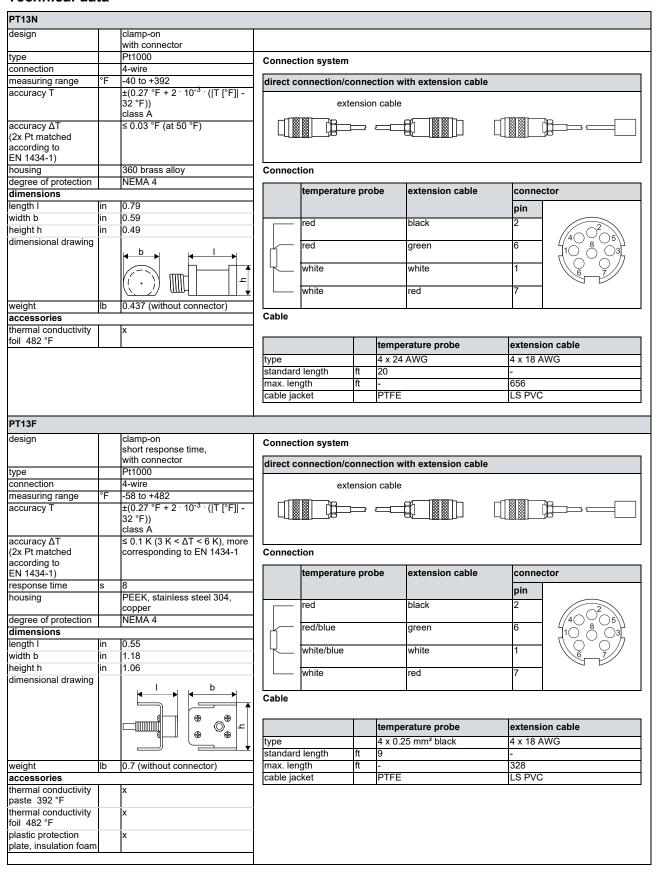
transducer frequency		F, G, H, K			M, P			Q			S		
connection system	NL												
transducers technical type		х	У	l	х	у	l	х	у	l	х	у	l
*(DR)***51	ft	6	9	≤ 32	6	6	≤ 32	6	3	≤ 32	3	3	≤ 32
option LC: *(LT)***51	ft	6	22	≤ 32	22	6	≤ 32	26	3	≤ 32	3	3	≤ 32

x, y = transducer cable length

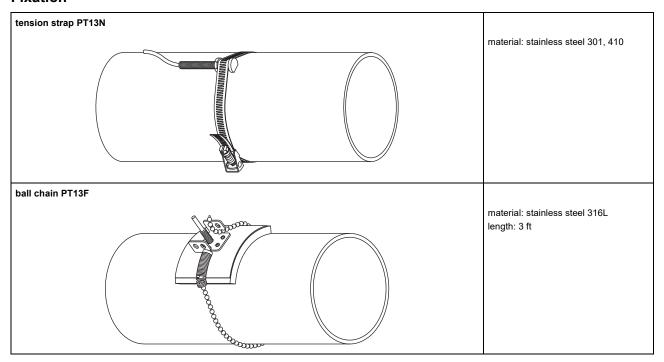
I = max. length of extension cable

Clamp-on temperature probe (optional)

Technical data



Fixation



Wall thickness measurement (optional)

The pipe wall thickness is an important pipe parameter which has to be determined exactly for a good measurement. However, the pipe wall thickness often is unknown.

The wall thickness probe can be connected to the transmitter instead of the flow transducers and the wall thickness measurement mode is activated automatically.

Acoustic coupling compound is applied to the wall thickness probe which then is placed firmly on the pipe. The wall thickness is displayed and can be stored directly in the transmitter.

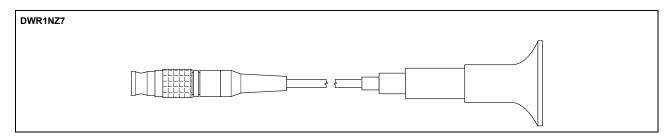
Technical data

		DWR1NZ7
measuring range ¹	in	0.04 to 9.8
resolution	in	0.0004
accuracy		1 % ±0.004 in
fluid temperature	°F	-4 to +392, short-time peak max. 932
explosion protection		-
cable		·
type		2616
length	ft	4

¹ The measuring range depends on the attenuation of the ultrasonic signal in the pipe. For strongly attenuating plastics (e.g., PFA, PTFE, PP) the measuring range is smaller.

Cable

		2616
ambient temperature	°F	<392
cable jacket		
material		FEP
outer diameter	in	0.2
color		black
shield		x





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